2007 Form 1-ES Instructions – Estimated Income Tax for Individuals, Estates, and Trusts

Who Must Pay Estimated Tax

Tax (including the Wisconsin alternative minimum tax and recycling surcharge) is required to be paid on income as it is earned or constructively received. Withholding tax and estimated tax are the two methods used to make those required tax payments. Generally, if you work for wages, you have tax withheld from your wages to prepay any tax which will be computed on your income tax return for the year. If you have income from which tax is not withheld (for example, interest, dividends, unemployment compensation, etc.), you must pay estimated tax to prepay any tax which will be computed on your income tax return for the year.

You must pay Wisconsin estimated tax for 2007 if you expect to owe, after subtracting your withholding and credits, at least \$200 in tax for 2007 and you expect your withholding to be less than the smallest of:

- 90% of the tax (including alternative minimum tax and the recycling surcharge) shown on your 2007 income tax return.
- 100% of the tax (including alternative minimum tax and recycling surcharge) shown on your 2006 income tax return assuming the return covered 12 months. This does not apply to trusts or estates that have 2007 taxable income of \$20,000 or more. If your 2006 return was adjusted by the department or you filed an amended return, use the tax from the latest adjusted or amended return.
- 90% of the tax shown on your 2007 income tax return, computed by annualizing your taxable income and alternative minimum taxable income. (You may use Wisconsin Schedule U, Part IV, as a worksheet to annualize income.)

Full-year residents, part-year residents, nonresidents, trusts, and estates are subject to the estimated tax requirement. (**Note**: Trusts subject to tax on unrelated business income should file on Form 4-ES.)

You do not have to pay estimated tax if you were a full-year resident of Wisconsin for 2006 and you had no tax liability for that 12-month period. Estates and grantor trusts which are funded on account of a decedent's death are only required to make estimated tax payments for any tax year ending two or more years after the decedent's death.

You and your spouse may pay estimated tax either jointly or separately. If joint payments are made, you and your spouse may still file separate income tax returns for 2007. The estimated tax payments may be divided between you and your spouse in any manner you choose. If separate payments are made, you and your spouse may file a joint income tax return for 2007 and apply the separate estimated tax payments to the joint tax liability. However, no part of the separate estimated tax payments may be applied to a separate tax liability of the other spouse.

When to Pay Your Estimated Tax

Generally, you must make your first estimated tax payment by April 16, 2007. You may pay all your estimated tax at that time or in four equal installments on or before April 16, 2007, June 15, 2007, September 17, 2007, and January 16, 2008. Exceptions to this general rule are as follows:

1. Other payment dates. In some cases such as an increase in income, you may have to make your first estimated tax payment after April 16, 2007. The payment dates are then as follows:

If the requirement to pay estimated tax is met after:	Payment date is:	Of the estimated tax due, pay:
March 31 and before June 1	June 15, 2007	1/2
May 31 and before Sept. 1	Sept. 17, 2007	3/4
August 31	Jan. 16, 2008	all

Any remaining payments should be 1/4 of your required annual payment.

- 2. Your return as a payment. If you file your 2007 income tax return by January 31, 2008, and pay the entire balance due, you do not have to make your last payment of estimated tax due on January 16, 2008.
- **3. Farmers and fishers.** If at least two-thirds of your gross income (joint gross income, if applicable) for 2006 or 2007 is from farming or fishing, you may:
 - pay your 2007 estimated tax in full by January 16, 2008; or
 - file your 2007 income tax return on or before March 3, 2008, and pay the total tax due. In this case, you need not make estimated tax payments for 2007.
- **4. Fiscal year.** If your return is filed on a fiscal year basis, your due dates are the 15th day of the 4th, 6th, and 9th months of your current fiscal year, and the 1st month of the following fiscal year. (**Note**: If any due date falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday, use the next business day.)

How to Use Form 1-ES

- 1. If you have a preprinted voucher, make any corrections necessary to your name and address by lining out the incorrect information on the estimated tax vouchers and printing in the correct information. To obtain personalized Form 1-ES vouchers, visit the department's web site at www.revenue.wi.gov/html/07forms.html or call (608) 266-1961.
- Complete the "2007 Estimated Tax Worksheet" on the reverse side
 of these instructions. Use your 2006 tax return as a guide, but be sure
 to consider any law changes for 2007. Law changes are published in
 the Wisconsin Tax Bulletin, which is available on the Internet at:
 www.revenue.wi.gov.
- 3. Fill in the amount from line 14 of the worksheet on the "Amount of Payment" line on Form 1-ES.
- 4. Enclose, but do not staple or attach, your check or money order with the estimated tax voucher. Make your remittance payable to the Wisconsin Department of Revenue and mail to the address shown on Form 1-ES.

To pay by credit card, call 1-800-2PAY-TAX (1-800-272-9829) or visit www.officialpayments.com. There will be a 2.5% fee charged for this service.

If you need help, contact our Customer Service and Education Bureau at (608) 266-2772 or any Department of Revenue office.

How to Amend Your Estimated Tax Payments

If you have a substantial increase or decrease in your estimated tax liability, your estimated tax payments should be amended.

- Recompute your estimated tax liability on the "2007 Estimated Tax Worksheet." Include any estimated tax payments already made for 2007 on line 10 of the worksheet.
- 2. Determine the amount of each remaining installment due as follows:
 - If all 4 installments are being amended, fill in 1/4 of line 11 of the worksheet on each payment voucher.
 - If 3 installments are being amended, fill in 1/2 of line 11 on the first amended youcher and 1/4 of line 11 on each of the last two youchers.
 - If 2 installments are being amended, fill in 3/4 of line 11 on the first amended voucher and 1/4 of line 11 on the last installment voucher.
 - If only the last installment is being amended, fill in all of line 11 on the voucher filed.

Interest Charge for Failure to Pay Estimated Tax

If you are required to pay estimated tax and you do not, or you underpay any installment, you are subject to interest on the underpayment amount when you file your 2007 return. Wisconsin Schedule U is used to compute the interest due.

2007 Estimated Income Tax Worksheet - Keep for your records - Do not file

1.	. Fill in the amount of Wisconsin income you expect in 2007. Use your 2006 tax return as a guide				•	
2.	2. Wisconsin standard deduction and exemptions (see standard deduction schedules below)*				•	
3.	3. Estimated taxable income (subtract line 2 from line 1)				•	
4.	Estimated tax (see tax rate schedules below)		4	•		
5. Estimated credits (see instructions provided with your 2006 tax return for descriptions of credits)				5	•	
6.	6. Subtract line 5 from line 4			6	•	
7.	. Estimated Wisconsin alternative minimum tax and recycling surcharge				•	
8.	. Add lines 6 and 7					
9.	. Required annual payment. Fill in amount of line 8 that you are required to pay				•	
	Caution: Generally, if you do not prepay at least 90% of your 2007 tax liability or 100% of your 2006 tax, whichever is smaller, you may be subject to interest on the underpayment amount. To avoid this, be sure your estimate is as accurate as possible. If you are unsure of your estimate, you may want to pay more than 90% of the amount you have shown on line 8.					
10.	. Wisconsin income tax withheld and estimated to be withheld during 2007				•	
11.	. Balance (subtract line 10 from line 9). (Note : If line 8 less line 10 is less than \$200, you are not required to					
	make estimated tax payments.)			11	•	
		Installments				
12.	If four installments are due, enter in each column 1/4 of the amount on line 11.	April 16	June 15	Sept. 17	Jan. 16	
	If less than four installments are due, use the instructions for other payment dates					
	under "When to Pay Your Estimated Tax"					
13.	Apply overpayment carried forward from your 2006 tax return					
1.4	(apply first to April and carry remainder to June, etc.)					
14.	Installment amount (subtract line 13 from line 12).					
	Fill in here and on the "Amount of Payment" line on Form 1-ES					

*Individuals Your exemptions are \$700 for yourself, \$700 for your spouse if filing a joint return, and \$700 for each dependent. Add \$250 to the total if you are 65 years of age or over and, if filing a joint return, add \$250 if your spouse is 65 years of age or over. (Exception: If you are claimed as a dependent on someone else's return, you do not qualify for an exemption.) **Estates and Trusts** Fill in -0- on line 2. **Nonresidents and part-year residents** prorate the standard deduction as follows: (1) Figure your standard deduction using your federal adjusted gross income instead of your Wisconsin income, and (2) prorate using the ratio of Wisconsin income to federal adjusted gross income. Exemptions must also be prorated using the same ratio.

2007 Standard Deduction Schedules						
Schedule for	Single Taxpa	yers				
If Wisconsin i	but not over —	The 2007 Standard Deduction is: of the amount over —				
\$ 0 12,669 85,920 or ove	\$12,669 85,920	\$8,790 8,790 less 12%\$12,670				
Schedule for Head of Household						
If Wisconsin i	but not over —	The 2007 Standard Deduction is: of the amount over —				
\$ 0 12,669 37,016 85,920 or ove	\$12,669 37,016 85,920	\$11,350 11,350 less 22.515%				
Schedule for	Married Taxp	ayers Filing Jointly				
over — \$ 0 17,779 97,818 or over	but not over — \$17,779 97,818	The 2007 Standard Deduction is: of the amount over — \$15,830 15,830 less 19.778%				
Schedule for	Married Taxp	ayers Filing Separately				
If Wisconsin i	but not over —	The 2007 Standard Deduction is: of the amount over —				
\$ 0 8,439 46,462 or ove	\$ 8,439 46,462	\$7,520 7,520 less 19.778% \$8,440 0				

2007 Tax Rate Schedules for Full-Year Residents*

Schedule A – For Single Taxpayers, Head of Household, Estates, and Trusts					
If taxable income is:		The 2007			
over —	but not over —	Gross Tax is: of the amount over —			
\$ 0	\$ 9,510	4.60%\$ 0			
9,510	19,020	\$ 437.46 + 6.15%			
19,020	142,650	1,022.33 + 6.50% 19,020			
142,650 or over		9,058.28 + 6.75% 142,650			
Schedule B - For Married Taxpayers Filing Jointly					
If taxable income is:		The 2007			
	but	Gross Tax is:			
over —	not over —	amount over —			
\$ 0	\$ 12,680	4.60%\$ 0			
12,680	25,360	\$ 583.28 + 6.15% 12,680			
25,360	190,210	1,363.10 + 6.50%25,360			
190,210 or over		12,078.35 + 6.75%190,210			
Schedule C -	Schedule C - For Married Taxpayers Filing Separately				
If taxable incom	e is:	The 2007 Gross Tax is:			
	but	of the			
over —	not over —	amount over —			
\$ 0	\$ 6,340	4.60%\$			
6,340	12,680	\$ 291.64 + 6.15% 6,340			
12,680	95,100	681.55 + 6.50% 12,680			
95,100 or over		6,038.85 + 6.75%			

*Nonresidents and part-year residents must prorate the tax brackets (amounts appearing in the first two columns of the 2007 Tax Rate Schedules) based on the ratio of their Wisconsin income to their federal adjusted gross income. For example, for a single individual the tax brackets are \$9,510, \$9,510, and \$123,630. Assuming the individual has a ratio of 20%, the first \$1,902 (\$9,510 x .20) of taxable income is taxed at 4.60%, the next \$1,902 is taxed at 6.15%, the next \$24,726 (\$123,630 x .20) is taxed at 6.50%, and taxable income over \$28,530 is taxed at 6.75%.